

i) Find $L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{s+3}}\right)$.

j) State any one property of “conformal mapping”.

SECTION-B

2. Expand the function $f(x) = x^2$ as a fourier series in the interval $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$. Hence show that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$.
3. Solve $y'' + 2y' - 3y = \sin t$, where $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(0) = 0$, using Laplace Transforms.
4. Find the Laurent's expansion of, $\frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$ valid for
- $1 < |z| < 3$,
 - $|z| > 3$,
 - $0 < |z+1| < 2$.
5. Solve the partial differential equation $(y+z)p - (x+z)q = (x-y)$.
6. With usual notations, prove that, $\frac{2n}{x} J_n(x) = J_{n-1}(x) + J_{n+1}(x)$.

SECTION-C

7. A tightly stretched string of length l with fixed ends is initially in equilibrium position. It is set vibrating by giving each point a velocity $v_0 \sin^3 \frac{\pi x}{l}$. Find the displacement $y(x, t)$.
8. Evaluate $\int_C \frac{z-3}{z^2+2z+5} dz$, where C is the circle
- $|z| = 1$,
 - $|z+1-i| = 2$,
 - $|z+1+i| = 2$.
9. Solve in series the differential equation $(1+x^2)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x\frac{dy}{dx} - y = 0$.